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CLAIMS:

- 1. An optical scanning device for scanning optical record carriers with radiation of a selected wavelength, the device including an objective lens, having an axial direction and a radial direction, and a phase structure which is non-periodic with respect to the radial direction, the non-periodic phase structure being arranged to compensate for comatic aberrations generated in the objective lens when an optical record carrier is read in a direction which is non-axial with respect to said objective lens, whereby an improved field of view is provided for said objective lens.
- An optical scanning device according to claim 1, wherein said non-periodic
  phase structure compensates at least 50% of the root mean square (rms) comatic wavefront
  error at a certain field angle with respect to the axial direction and caused by the objective.
- 3. An optical scanning device according to claim 2, wherein said non-periodic phase structure compensates at least 70% of the root mean square (rms) comatic wavefront error at a certain field angle with respect to the axial direction and caused by the objective.
- 4. An optical scanning device according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein the rms wavefront error caused by the comatic aberration generated by the objective lens at a maximum required field angle with respect to the axial direction, as compensated by the non-periodic phase structure, is less than 40mλ.
- 5. An optical scanning device according to claim 4, wherein the rms wavefront error caused by the comatic aberration generated by the objective lens at a maximum required field angle with respect to the axial direction, as compensated by the non-periodic phase structure, is less than 20mλ.
- An optical scanning device according to any preceding claim, wherein said non-periodic phase structure includes a plurality of annular zones, each of said zones

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comprising a step of a substantially constant height with respect to a rotationally symmetrical aspheric shape generally followed by said objective lens.

- 7. An optical scanning device according to claim 6, wherein steps in said non-periodic phase structure generate a relative phase difference of approximately a multiple of 2π for radiation of said selected wavelength when an optical record carrier is read in said axial direction.
- An optical scanning device according to claim 6 or 7, wherein the radial widths of said zones are selected in dependence on the comatic aberration to be compensated for.
  - 9. An optical scanning device according to claim 8, wherein said zones comprise a zone (a) with a nonzero height, measured in relation to said aspheric shape, located in the region in which the normalized pupil coordinate  $\rho$  ranges from 0.45 to 0.84.
  - An optical scanning device according to claim 9, wherein said zone (a) ends prior to a normalized pupil coordinate o of 0.85.
- 11. An optical scanning device according to claim 8, 9 or 10, wherein said zones comprise a zone (b) with a nonzero height, measured in relation to said aspheric shape, located in the region in which the normalized pupil coordinate  $\rho$  ranges from 0.9 to 1.00.
- An optical scanning device according to claim 11, wherein said zones
   comprise a plurality of zones with a nonzero height, measured in relation to said aspheric shape, located in the region in which the normalized pupil coordinate ρ ranges from 0.9 to 1.00.
- An optical scanning device according to any of claims 6 to 12, wherein the
   heights of said zones are selected substantially optimally in relation to the comatic aberration to be compensated for.
  - 14. An optical scanning device according to any of claims 6 to 13, wherein the number of said zones is greater than four.

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- 15. An optical scanning device according to any of claims 6 to 13, wherein the number of said zones is less than ten.
- 5 16. An optical scanning device according to any preceding claim, wherein said non-periodic phase structure is formed on the surface of said objective lens.
  - 17. An optical system including an optical element having optical power and an axial direction and a radial direction, and a phase structure which is non-periodic with respect to the radial direction, the non-periodic phase structure being arranged to compensate for comatic aberrations generated by the optical element when an optical beam traverses the optical system in a direction which is non-axial with respect to said element, whereby an improved field of view is provided for said optical element.